1. Determine the eligibility of the pregnant woman to receive community-directed IPTp (using these inclusion criteria):

**Woman is 13 or more weeks pregnant:**
- Ask about the date of the first day of the last normal menstrual period (LNMP) and use a pregnancy wheel to determine the gestational age.
- If woman is unsure of LNMP or gestational age, ask if quickening has occurred (i.e., the baby has started to move in the womb), which suggests a pregnancy of 16 or more weeks.

- **Woman has not taken a sulfa-containing drug in the last 4 weeks.** Sulfa-containing drugs include:
  - SP
  - Co-trimoxazole
  - Septrin
  - Bactrim
  - Fansidar

**Woman is less than 13 weeks pregnant:** If LNMP is unknown, has not yet felt the baby moving in the womb (quickening). This occurs from 16 weeks of pregnancy.

2. Review woman for any of these exclusion criteria:

**Woman received a sulfa-containing drug (including SP or co-trimoxazole) in the last 4 weeks.**

- **Woman has an allergy to sulfa-containing drugs,** has experienced an adverse reaction to a sulfa-containing drug, or has experienced a severe adverse reaction to any previous medication.

3. If you determine the pregnant woman is eligible for the first dose of quality-assured SP and the national policy allows community health workers to administer it in the community:

- Have a cup of clean water available.
- Give a dose of SP (three tablets) as IPTp.
- Watch woman swallow the three tablets (directly observed therapy).
- Keep the used SP blister packs for record purposes and future restocking.
- Remind woman to go to the nearest health facility to get her second dose in 4 weeks’ time.

4. Document and refer:

**Document:**
- Complete an antenatal care (ANC) appointment card for the pregnant woman.
- Fill in the community health worker register with the name of the woman, ANC card number, and the medication given, if any.

**Refer:**
- Refer every pregnant woman you visit to the nearest health facility for comprehensive ANC.
- Also refer woman to health facility if she reported a previous adverse reaction to a sulfa-containing drug.

5. Plan to visit the woman again in 4 weeks to follow up on her health-seeking behavior:

**Did she go to the health facility for ANC and IPTp?**

- If your national policy allows you to provide follow-up doses, provide next IPTp dose if necessary.